General Conditions Under Which a Person is Entitled to a Railroad Retirement Employee Annuity

Age Requirement

The age requirement for an age and service annuity depends on your years of creditable railroad service. You must file an application to receive a railroad retirement annuity. When all eligibility requirements are met, your age and service annuity can begin as explained in Chart 1. Chart 2 explains **Full Retirement Age (FRA)**.

CHART 1 - DETERMINING YOUR ANNUITY BEGINNING DATE						
If you have at least:	You can retire the first full month:	Your Tier 1 will have an age reduction if:	Your Tier 2 will:			
360 months of railroad service,	you are age 60.	all of the following apply: you first met the age or service requirements in a month after June 1984 and before January 2002; and, you have an annuity beginning date before January 1, 2002; and, you retired before attaining age 62.	not have an age reduction.			
120-359 months of railroad service, with service before 8/12/1983,	you are age 62.	you retire before attaining your Full Retirement Age (FRA).	have an age reduction if you retire before attaining age 65.			
120-359 months of railroad service, without service before 8/12/1983,	you are age 62.	you retire before attaining your FRA.	have an age reduction if you retire before attaining your FRA.			
60-119 months of railroad service after 1995,	you are age 62.	you retire before attaining your FRA. You must have an SSA Insured Status to receive a Tier 1 benefit.	have an age reduction if you retire before attaining your FRA.			

Full
Retirement
Age (FRA)
for
Annuities
Based on
Less Than
30 Years
Service

The term **Full Retirement Age (FRA)** means the age at which an employee with less than 30 years of railroad service can receive a full annuity (not reduced for early retirement).

If you have less than 30 years of railroad service, FRA for your Tier 1 age reduction is age 65 if you were born before January 2, 1938. The FRA for persons born after January 1, 1938, will gradually increase over a 20-year period to age 67, as illustrated in the following chart. FRA for your Tier 2 age reduction will remain at age 65 if you had any creditable railroad service before August 12, 1983. Otherwise, the FRA for your Tier 2 age reduction will gradually increase in the same manner as FRA for your Tier 1 age reduction.

(Full Retirement Age also affects Tier 1 annuity deductions due to earnings as described in Chart 3, regardless of your total years of railroad service.)

CHART 2 - DETERMINING YOUR FULL RETIREMENT AGE (FRA)						
If you were born:	then your FRA is:	If you were born:	then your FRA is:			
Before 1-2-1938	65	1-2-1955 thru 1-1-1956	66 and 2 months			
1-2-1938 thru 1-1-1939	65 and 2 months	1-2-1956 thru 1-1-1957	66 and 4 months			
1-2-1939 thru 1-1-1940	65 and 4 months	1-2-1957 thru 1-1-1958	66 and 6 months			
1-2-1940 thru 1-1-1941	65 and 6 months	1-2-1958 thru 1-1-1959	66 and 8 months			
1-2-1941 thru 1-1-1942	65 and 8 months	1-2-1959 thru 1-1-1960	66 and 10 months			
1-2-1942 thru 1-1-1943	65 and 10 months	1-2-1960 and later	67			
1-2-1943 thru 1-1-1955	66					

General Conditions Under Which a Person is Entitled to a Railroad Retirement Employee Annuity (cont.)

Annuity Based on Total Disability

You may be eligible for an annuity based on total disability at any age if you:

- 1. meet the railroad service requirement. You must either:
 - a. have at least 120 months of creditable railroad service; or,
 - b. have at least 60 months of creditable railroad service after 1995 and an **SSA Insured Status**; and.
- 2. are **Permanently Disabled** for all possible types of work. (Employees are considered to be Permanently Disabled if they qualify for a period of disability under Social Security Administration rules and the impairment is expected to last at least 12 months or result in death); and,
- 3. have stopped any **Substantial Gainful Activity (SGA)** (as explained in the next section).

You must file an application to receive a railroad retirement total and permanent disability annuity. Under the law, a disability annuity cannot begin earlier than the first day of the sixth month following the month in which disability occurs. If you have less than 120 months of creditable railroad service, your Tier 2 cannot begin before you attain age 62.

Substantial Gainful Activity (SGA)

To qualify for a total and permanent disability annuity, you must stop all **Substantial Gainful Activity (SGA)**. SGA is the performance of significant duties, that are usually done for pay or profit, over a reasonable period of time. Significant duties are activities that are useful in a job, or operation of a business, and that have economic value. For more information on SGA, contact the nearest field office of the RRB.

Annuity Based on Occupational Disability

You may qualify for an employee occupational disability annuity if you are **Permanently Disabled** for work in your regular railroad occupation and you have a **Current Connection** with the railroad industry (as explained on page 3). The earliest date the occupational disability can begin depends—on your railroad service. You are eligible:

- 1. at any age, if you have at least 240 months of creditable railroad service; or,
- 2. at age 60, if you have 120-239 months of creditable railroad service.

You must file an application to receive a railroad retirement occupational disability annuity. Under the law, a disability annuity cannot begin earlier than the first day of the sixth full month following the month in which disability onset occurs.

SSA Insured Status

If your annuity is based on 60-119 months of railroad service after 1995, you qualify for a Tier 1 if you have an **SSA Insured Status** based on combined railroad and social security earnings. You have an SSA Insured Status if:

- 1. your annuity is based on age and you have at least 40 quarters of coverage; or,
- 2. your annuity is based on total disability and you have a **Disability Freeze (D/F)** under SSA rules. (See Booklet RB-1D *Employee Disability Benefits* for an explanation of a D/F.) The D/F cannot be deemed.

General Conditions Under Which a Person is Entitled to a Railroad Retirement Employee Annuity (cont.)

Regular Railroad Occupation

Your **Regular Railroad Occupation** is the one in which you worked:

- 1. in more months than you worked in any other occupation, in or outside of the railroad industry, during the last 5 years in which you were employed (the 5 years do not have to be consecutive); or,
- 2. in at least one-half of all the months worked in the last 15 consecutive years.

Stop Railroad Employment

In order to receive your employee railroad retirement age and service or disability annuity, you must stop all railroad work for pay (no longer carried on the payroll). For an age and service annuity, you must also relinquish rights to railroad employment. Also note that, after the annuity is awarded, payment cannot be made for any month in which you return to work for a railroad employer.

Supplemental Annuity

Some retired railroad employees may be eligible to receive a supplemental annuity of \$23 through \$43 from the RRB. This is in addition to the your regular age and service or disability annuity.

The amount of your supplemental annuity is reduced if you receive monthly pension payments, or lump-sum pension payments, from your former railroad employer, which are based in whole or in part on contributions from that railroad employer. Your own contributions to your pension account do not cause a reduction.

To be eligible for the supplemental annuity, you must:

- 1. be at least age 65 with at least 300 months (25 years) of railroad service, or be at least age 60 with at least 360 months (30 years) of railroad service; and,
- 2. have at least 1 month of railroad service before October 1, 1981; and,
- 3. have a **Current Connection** with the railroad industry (as explained below); and,
- 4. be receiving your employee railroad retirement annuity.

Regular Current Connection

You must have a **Current Connection** with the railroad industry to qualify for an occupational disability annuity, a supplemental annuity or for future survivor benefits. You have a regular current connection with the railroad industry if you meet either of the following conditions:

- 1. you worked for a railroad in at least 12 of the 30 consecutive months immediately before the month in which your annuity begins; or,
- 2. you worked in the railroad industry in at least 12 months in any earlier period of 30 consecutive months and you did not work in any significant non-railroad employment between the end of that 30-month period and the month in which your annuity begins.

However, work for certain government agencies will not break your current connection. Also, self-employment or employment after your employee annuity beginning date will not break your current connection.

General Conditions Under Which a Person is Entitled to a Railroad Retirement Employee Annuity (cont.)

Deemed Current Connection

If you do not have a regular current connection, you may have a **Deemed Current Connection** for only a supplemental annuity or for future survivor benefits if you:

- 1. have at least 25 years of railroad service; and,
- 2. stopped working in the railroad industry involuntarily and without fault for a non-medical reason on or after October 1, 1975; and,
- 3. did not decline an offer to remain in or return to railroad employment in the same class or craft as your most recent railroad service (regardless of the number of miles you would have had to move to accept such job).

Tier 1 Reductions for Non-Railroad Earnings

Any earnings can have an effect on disability annuities.

If your annuity is based on age and service and you are receiving social security benefits, your Tier 1 benefit is not reduced for your non-railroad earnings. If you are not receiving social security benefits, the **Annual Earnings Exempt Amount** is the amount of non-railroad earnings you can have in a year without losing part of your Tier 1 benefit and/or the Tier 1 benefit of your spouse. There are separate Annual Earnings Exempt Amounts for persons at **Full Retirement Age (FRA)** and those under FRA.

Use Chart 2, to determine your FRA and then refer to Chart 3 below and Form G-77a *How Earnings Affect Payment of Retirement Annuities*.

CHART 3 - DETERMINING YOUR ANNUAL EARNINGS EXEMPT AMOUNT				
For a year in which:	You may lose up to \$1 in Tier 1 benefits for every:	The reduction:		
you attain FRA,	\$3.00 of earnings over the Annual Earnings Exempt Amount	is removed effective the		
	for your age group. However, your earnings are only counted	month in which you attain		
	for months before the month in which you attain FRA.	FRA.		
you are under your FRA for	\$2.00 of earnings over the Annual Earnings Exempt Amount	applies for the full year.		
the entire year,	for your age group.			
you work outside the U.S. for	\$2.00 of earnings. There is no Annual Earnings Exempt	is removed effective the		
45 or more hours per month,	Amount for work outside the U. S. However, your earnings	month in which you attain		
_	are only counted for months before the month in which you	FRA.		
	attain FRA.			

Tier 2
Reductions
for Last
PreRetirement
NonRailroad
Earnings

Your **Last Pre-Retirement Non-Railroad Employer** (**LPE**) is generally any non-railroad employer(s) for whom you performed service at the same time or after you stopped railroad work, but before your age and service or disability annuity beginning date.

Any earnings can have an effect on disability annuities. For age and service annuities, any earnings after your annuity beginning date from your LPE, at any age, may cause a reduction to your supplemental annuity, your Tier 2 benefit and the Tier 2 benefit of your spouse.

The reduction is \$1 for every \$2 earned (subject to the maximum reduction of 50% of the employee and spouse Tier 2 benefits and 50% of any supplemental annuity).

If you would like more information, read Booklet RB-1 *Age and Service Employee Annuities* or Booklet RB-1D *Employee Disability Benefits* before you come in to file for your annuity. These booklets are available at www.rrb.gov.